

# Pandion Energy AS

Interim financial statements (unaudited)

Third quarter 2023



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## Introduction

### **General information**

These interim financial statements for Pandion Energy AS ("Pandion Energy" or "the company") have been prepared to comply with:

- The amended and restated reserve based lending facility ("RBL") agreement dated 2 June 2022
- Bond terms for senior unsecured bond dated 2 June 2022

These interim financial statements have not been subject to review or audit by independent auditors.



## Accounting principles

These interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of simplified IFRS pursuant to the Norwegian Accounting Act §3-9 and regulations regarding simplified application of IFRS issued by the Norwegian Ministry of Finance on 3 November 2014, thus the interim financial statements do not include all information required by simplified IFRS and should be read in conjunction with financial statements of the company for the period ending 31 December 2022.

The accounting policies adopted are in all aspects consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements of the company for the year ending 31 December 2022.

For further detailed information on accounting principles, please refer to the financial statements for 2022.

The interim financial statements reflect all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the dates and interim periods presented. Interim period results are not necessarily indicative of results of operations or cash flows for an annual period. In preparing these interim financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.







## **Financial review**

### **Revenues**

In Q3 2023, the company generated total revenues of USD 80.3 million, an increase from USD 54.5 million in the same period last year. The higher revenues were driven by an increase in realised crude oil volumes, partly offset by decreased oil and gas prices. During Q3 2023, average realised oil price before hedging was USD 85.8 per boe, which represents a significant decrease from the USD 105.0 per boe achieved in Q3 2022. The average realised gas price in Q3 2023 was USD 60.2 per boe, down from USD 205.5 per boe in the same period last year. The combined average realised price for oil, gas and NGL during the quarter was USD 82.0 per boe, compared to USD 118.2 per boe achieved in Q3 2022.

The volume of oil sold was 877 kboe in Q3 2023 compared to 392 kboe in Q3 2022. The relatively high volume of oil sold during the quarter was mainly due to a significant underlift on both the Valhall and Hod fields as well as on the Nova field at the end of the second quarter of 2023.

### **Operating expenses and financial results**

In Q3 2023, the company's EBITDAX amounted to USD 58.8 million, an increase from USD 43.9 million achieved in the same period last year. The higher EBITDAX is explained by significantly higher operating revenues during the quarter.

Operating expenses for the oil and gas sold were recorded at USD 21.2 million in Q3 2023, a significant increase from the USD 11.9 million incurred during Q3 2022 mainly related to higher volume sold.

Profit from operating activities was USD 43.4 million (USD 27.5 million in Q3 2022).



## **Financial review**

### **Capital expenditures**

Investments in exploration & evaluation assets amounted to USD 4.3 million in the third quarter of 2023 largely explained by appraisal activities on PL 929 Ofelia. The appraisal well was spudded on 30 September 2023.

The company's investments in fixed assets in Q3 2023 amounted to USD 14.9 million, of which USD 13 million was invested in the Valhall and Hod fields. The majority of this investment was allocated to the Sulphate Removal Unit project, well intervention activities and the Valhall PWP project, which are aimed at increasing the field's production capacity and operational efficiency. An additional USD 1.9 million was invested in the Nova field.

### **Financial position**

The company's interest-bearing debt was USD 166.5 million at the end of the third quarter, down from USD 191.5 million at the end of the second quarter 2023. The debt is comprised of a bond debt of USD 75 million and an RBL drawdown of USD 91.5 million. The net debt was reduced by USD 22.3 million during the quarter down to USD 148.2 million. Overall, the company maintains its strong financial position with a leverage ratio of only 0.8x net debt/ EBITDAX.

### **Financial risk management**

In order to reduce the risk related to oil price fluctuations, the company has established an oil price hedging programme.

At the end of September, 41% of the after-tax (11% of pre-tax) crude oil production volumes up to the end of 2024 had been hedged at an average floor price of 54 USD/bbl (USD 51.6/bbl net of costs). Additional positions may be added to the program going forward, however, the structure, amounts and levels of any further hedging will depend on how the market for commodity derivatives develops.

The company has recognised a realised loss from hedging in Q3 2023 presented as other income. The loss amounted to USD 0.3 million.



## **Operational review**

### Valhall and Hod fields

During the third quarter, production from the Valhall area dropped to 4.7 thousand barrels of oil equivalents per day, net to Pandion Energy, due to an unplanned shutdown caused by a leakage incident. The leakage, primarily consisting of water and some oil, was collected in a storage tank with no spill to sea. Following a thorough inspection, necessary preventive measures were promptly implemented. Production resumed at 2/3 of installed capacity within a few days and is continuing to ramp up into the fourth quarter. As a result, production efficiency was reduced to 74 percent for the third quarter.

The Noble Integrator rig continued to support the stimulation and intervention activities at Valhall to enhance well production. In the third quarter, the rig completed the first phase of a campaign to permanently plug and abandon eight wells at the old Hod A platform. The rig left the field and is now off contract after supporting the stimulation and intervention activities at Valhall since March 2022.

Drilling of a new infill well on the north flank of Valhall has commenced with the Noble Invincible rig, with first oil expected by year-end. Following this, the rig will be moved to Hod A to begin the second phase of the plugging and abandonment campaign. Construction activities have commenced for the Valhall PWP project. The joint development project with Fenris comprises a new centrally located production and wellhead Platform (PWP) bridge-linked to the Valhall central complex along with and unmanned installation at Fenris tied back to the PWP. First steel was cut for Valhall PWP at Stord.

Detailed engineering and procurement activities are also in progress. The PDO for the Valhall PWP project was approved by the MPE in June 2023. The total estimated recoverable resources for Valhall PWP amount to 70 mmboe gross, with production scheduled to begin in 2027. The project also includes a modernisation of Valhall, ensuring continued operations when parts of the current infrastructure are phased out in 2028. The development will leverage Valhall's existing power-from-shore system, resulting in minimal emissions estimated at less than 1 kilogram of  $CO_2$  per boe.



## **Operational review**

### Nova field

During Q3 2023, production from the Nova field averaged 3.0 thousand barrels of oil equivalents per day, net to Pandion Energy (including compensation volume). Production availability was 96%.

The Nova field licence group is obligated to compensate the Gjøa licence group for deferred production due to the tie-in operations. The compensation shall be paid in kind by the Nova group's own production. The compensation volume in Q3 2023 was 612 barrels of oil equivalent per day net from Pandion Energy.

A side-track drilling operation to improve the effect of one of the injector wells was successfully completed in the previous quarter, leading to improved water injection and increased production. Production at Nova was negatively impacted by the maintenance at Gjøa in the quarter. Further, production continues to be somewhat limited by lower effectiveness of the water injectors than expected. A rig has been secured to drill a fourth water injector well in the second half of 2024 which will enable the operator to target the best location for Nova's fourth water injector and further improve the water injection at the field.

These efforts demonstrate the company's commitment to optimising the field's production and maximising its long-term value.

### **Exploration and evaluation activities**

During the third quarter of 2023, the company was planning a drilling campaign on Ofelia discovery. The drilling of an appraisal well was commenced on 30 September 2023.



## Other activities

Pandion Energy will continue to be an active and responsible partner in driving value in high quality assets on the Norwegian continental shelf. As part of this, the company actively searches for and evaluates opportunities to make value-accretive investments (e.g. through acquisitions, farm-ins, licencing rounds, swaps or other) and to divest assets to realise value created in its existing portfolio (e.g. through sale, farm-downs, swaps or other), and/or to seek business combinations that may cater for further, profitable growth.









## Statement of income 30 September 2023

QUAR	RTERLY			YEAR	TO DATE	FULL YEAR
Q3 2023	Q3 2022	(USD`000)	Note	2023	2022	2022
80 330	54 527	Revenues		160 217	136 443	213 137
(338)	11	Other income		1 614	(507)	2 368
79 991	54 539	Total revenues and income	1	161 831	135 935	215 505
(21 220)	(11 915)	Operating expenses	2	(36 157)	(34 463)	(47 430)
(12 716)	(9 375)	Depreciation, amortisation and net impairment losses	3,5	(42 226)	(23 030)	(35 275)
(2 675)	(5 784)	Exploration expenses	2	(4 877)	(8 942)	(15 111)
(36 611)	(27 074)	Total expenses		(83 261)	(66 434)	(97 816)
43 380	27 465	Profit from operating activities		78 570	69 501	117 689
(4 492)	(8 827)	Net financial items	6	(23 758)	(23 094)	(26 836)
38 889	18 638	Profit before taxes		54 813	46 408	90 854
(21 575)	(25 332)	Income tax	7	(55 821)	(63 159)	(82 588)
17 314	(6 693)	Net income		(1 008)	(16 751)	8 266



## Statement of comprehensive income 30 September 2023

QUAR	TERLY		YEAR T	0 DATE	FULL YEAR
Q3 2023	Q3 2022	(USD`000) Not	e 2023	2022	2022
17 314	(6 693)	Net income	(1 008)	(16 751)	8 266
-	-	Net gain/losses arising from hedges recognised in OCI	-	14 126	14 126
-	-	Net amount reclassified to profit and loss	-	(11 728)	(11 728)
-	-	Tax on items recognised over OCI	-	(527)	(527)
-	-	Other comprehensive income	-	1 871	1 871
17 314	(6 693)	Total comprehensive income	(1 008)	(14 880)	10 137



## Statement of financial position 30 September 2023

### Assets

(USD`000)	Note	30.09.2023	30.09.2022	31.12.2022
Tax receivable		_	63 456	_
	4 5	60.100		60.100
Goodwill	4,5	63 138	63 138	63 138
Intangible assets	4,5	71 362	67 928	63 339
Property, plant and equipment	3,5	539 061	576 908	552 770
Prepayments and financial receivables		113	110	122
Right-of-use assets		838	1 043	982
Total non-current assets		674 513	772 583	680 351
Inventories		7 976	8 732	9 914
Trade and other receivables		57 007	28 372	19 005
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		271	-	951
Tax receivable - short term	7	26 986	13 841	51 433
Cash and cash equivalents		18 325	16 203	21 197
Total current assets		110 565	67 149	102 499
Total assets		785 078	839 732	782 850



## Statement of financial position 30 September 2023

Equity and liabilities

(USD`000)	Note	30.09.2023	30.09.2022	31.12.2022
		10 501	10 501	10 501
Share capital Other paid-in capital		13 591 100 640	13 591 100 640	13 591 100 640
Other equity		28 093	4 086	29 104
Total equity	8	142 323	118 317	143 334
		0(0.000	010 407	005.000
Deferred tax liability		260 982	218 497	225 903
Asset retirement obligations	9	141 837	193 131	154 751
Borrowings	10	164 753	228 764	188 324
Long term lease debt		545	726	729
Long term provision	11	958	6 294	3 512
Total non-current liabilities		569 075	647 413	573 218
Asset retirement obligations - short term	9	13 776	7 628	7 840
Trade, other payables and provisions	11	58 958	48 244	57 477
Borrowings - short term	10	-	15 557	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		753	2 416	786
Short term lease debt		194	159	197
Total current liabilities		73 680	74 004	66 300
Total liabilities		642 755	721 417	639 518
Total equity and liabilities		785 078	839 732	782 850



## Statement of cash flows

30 September 2023		YEAR TO DA	TE	FULL YEAR
(USD`000)	Note	Q3 2023	Q3 2022	2022
Income before tax		54 813	46 408	90 854
Depreciation, amortisation and net impairment losses	3	42 277	23 068	35 327
Expensed capitalised exploration expenses	4	1 626	159	3 472
Accretion of asset removal liability	6,9	5 425	5 452	7 484
(Increase) decrease in value of operational financial asset		82	(12 433)	(15 534)
Net financial expenses	6	18 332	17 642	19 352
Interest and fees paid		(11 731)	(12 876)	(19 583)
(Increase) decrease in working capital		(25 075)	(17 356)	5 776
Net income tax received		- -	10 917	26 553
Net cash flow from operating activities		85 750	60 981	153 701
Payment for removal and decommissioning of oil fields	9	(12 403)	(5 580)	(7 284)
Investments in furniture, fixtures and office machines	3	(138)	(87)	(87)
Investments in oil and gas assets	3	(41 430)	(51 875)	(66 469)
Investments in exploration and evaluation assets	4	(9 650)	(25 204)	(36 155)
Acquisition of oil and gas assets		-	(109 956)	(109 956)
Net cash flow from investing activities		(63 621)	(192 703)	(219 951)
Proceeds from borrowings		-	241 080	241 080
Repayments of borrowings		(25 000)	(114 994)	(175 472)
Net cash flow from financing activities		(25 000)	126 086	65 608
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(2 871)	(5 636)	(642)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		21 197	21 839	21 839
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		18 325	16 204	21 197

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## Note 1

### Segment information and disaggregation of revenue

All revenues are generated from activities on the Norwegian continental shelf (NCS), and derives from Oil, Gas and NGL. As a result, Pandion Energy has decided not to include segment information as this would only state the same financials already presented in the income statement and balance sheet.

The company's revenue is disaggregated as follows:	QUAR	TERLY	YEAR T	YEAR TO DATE	
Revenues	Q3 2023	Q3 2022	2023	2022	2022
(USD`000)					
Oil	75 297	41 141	139 828	107 701	171 036
Gas	3 550	13 299	16 194	24 670	37 098
NGL	1 483	87	4 195	4 072	5 004
Total revenues	80 330	54 527	160 217	136 443	213 137
Other income	Q3 2023	Q3 2022	2023	2022	2022

Other income	Q3 2023	Q3 2022	2023	2022	2022
(USD`000)					
Realised gain/(loss) on oil derivates	(295)	(222)	(729)	(625)	(853)
Unrealised gain/(loss) on oil derivates	(241)	233	34	118	(318)
Other*	198	-	2 309	-	3 539
Total other income	(338)	11	1 614	(507)	2 368

\*Other comprises change in estimate of the contingent additional consideration in relation to acquisition of ONE-Dyas Norge AS and change in values of compensation volumes due from Nova



## Note 2 Exploration and operating expenses

The company's exploration and operating expenses is disaggregated as follows:

	QUAR	TERLY	YEAR TO DATE		TE FULL YEAR	
Operating Expenses	Q3 2023	Q3 2022	2023	2022	2022	
(USD`000)						
Production cost	(7 305)	(10 997)	(22 680)	(28 433)	(37 402)	
Change in inventories	(10 480)	2 268	(1 592)	1 603	(65)	
Tariff and transportation cost	(1 937)	(2 385)	(8 402)	(5 419)	(9 201)	
Other cost	(1 498)	(801)	(3 483)	(2 212)	(762)	
Total operating expenses	(21 220)	(11 915)	(36 157)	(34 462)	(47 430)	
Exploration expenses	Q3 2023	Q3 2022	2023	2022	2022	
(USD`000)						
Expensed cost, seismic and studies	-	(2 525)	(140)	(2 729)	(2 729)	
Expensed cost, general and administrative	(1 207)	(3 110)	(3 111)	(6 054)	(8 909)	
Expensed exploration expenditures previously capitalised	(1 468)	(148)	(1 626)	(159)	(3 472)	
Total exploration expenses	(2 675)	(5 783)	(4 877)	(8 942)	(15 111)	



## Note 3 Property, plant and equipment

(USD`000)	Oil and gas assets	Tools and equipment*	Total
Carrying amount at 1 January 2022	428 471	55	428 527
Additions	66 469	87	66 556
Addition through asset acquisition**	119 233	-	119 233
Asset removal obligation - new or increased provisions	4 524	-	4 524
Asset removal obligation - change of estimate	(43 020)	-	(43 020)
Transfers from intangible assets	12 277	-	12 277
Depreciation	(35 275)	(52)	(35 327)
Carrying amount at 31 December 2022	552 680	91	552 770
Additions	28 430	138	28 568
Depreciation	(42 226)	(51)	(42 277)
Carrying amount at 30 September 2023	538 884	178	539 062
Estimated useful lives (years)	UoP	3-10	

\*Depreciation of tools and equipment is allocated to development, operational and exploration activities based on registered time writing

\*\*Addition of the Nova field (10%) through the acquisition and merger of ONE-Dyas Norge AS. The transaction was recognised as an asset acquisition under IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment"



### Note 4 Intangible assets

(USD`000)	Technical Goodwill	Exploration and evaluation assets	Total
Carrying amount at 1 January 2022	63 138	42 933	106 071
Capitalised licence costs	-	36 155	36 155
Expensed exploration expenditures previously capitalised	-	(3 472)	(3 472)
Transfers to tangible assets	-	(12 277)	(12 277)
Carrying amount at 31 December 2022	63 138	63 339	126 477
Capitalised license costs	-	9 650	9 650
Expensed exploration expenditures previously capitalised	-	(1 626)	(1 626)
Carrying amount at 30 September 2023	63 138	71 362	134 500



### Note 5 Impairments

Impairment tests of individual cash-generating units are performed when impairment triggers are identified and for goodwill impairment is tested annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

In Q3 2023, two categories of impairment tests have been performed:

- · Impairment test of oil and gas assets and related intangible assets
- Impairment test of technical goodwill

Following the increased oil price environment during 2023, no impairment has been recognised in Q3 2023.



### Note 6 Financial items

	QUART	QUARTERLY YEAR TO		O DATE	FULL YEAR	
(USD`000)	Q3 2023	Q3 2022	2023	2022	2022	
Net foreign exchange gains (losses)	982	(375)	(2 974)	(2 217)	(1 989)	
Foreign exchange gains/losses on derivative financial instruments	500	(1 777)	(874)	(3 300)	(954)	
Interest income	215	56	475	139	381	
Amortised loan costs	(131)	(511)	(1 429)	(2 364)	(2 938)	
Accretion expenses	(1 751)	(1 828)	(5 425)	(5 452)	(7 484)	
Interest expenses	(4 450)	(4 111)	(13 339)	(9 099)	(13 080)	
Other financial items	143	(282)	(190)	(801)	(771)	
Net financial items	(4 492)	(8 827)	(23 758)	(23 093)	(26 836)	



### Note 7 Taxes

Income tax for Q3 2023 is estimated at USD 21.6 million, compared to USD 25.3 million in Q3 2022. The effective tax rate year to date 2023 was 102%, with the weakening of NOK during the period as the main driver for the higher rate.

The tax calculation is based on the new tax petroleum system enacted in June 2022 with effect from 1 January 2022. According to the new rules, the special petroleum tax (56%) is converted into a cash-based tax with an immediate deductions for expenses incurred. The tax value of new losses (both exploration losses and other losses) in the special tax base is refunded. As part of the transition to the new tax regime, tax value of historical losses and utilised uplift will be settled as part of tax assessment for 2022 during Q4 2023.

### (USD`000)

Total tax receivable at 30.09.2023	26 986
Tax receivable from prior years' tax losses and uplift	47 728
Tax payable from current year profit	(20 742)



### Note 8 Equity and Shareholders

(USD`000)	Share Capital	Other paid-in capital	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total equity
Shareholders' equity at 1 January 2022	11 110	103 120	(1 871)	20 837	133 196
Share capital decrease – unregistered	2 481	(2 481)	-	-	-
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	8 266	8 266
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	-	-	1 871	-	1 871
Shareholders' equity at 31 December 2022	13 591	100 640	-	29 103	143 333
Net profit (loss) for the period	-	-	-	(1 008)	(1 008)
Shareholders' equity at 30 September 2023	13 591	100 640	-	28 095	142 323

Share capital of NOK 9,119,212.94 comprised 911,921,294 of shares at a nominal value of NOK 0.01. Pandion Energy Holding AS owns all 911,921,294 shares as at 30 September 2023.



## **Note 9** Asset retirement obligations (ARO)

### (USD`000)

Asset retirement obligations at 1 January 2022	191 461
New provision through asset acquisition*	9 427
New or increased provisions	4 524
Incurred removal cost	(7 284)
Asset removal obligation - change of estimate	(6 138)
Effects of change in the discount rate	(36 882)
Accretion expenses	7 483
Asset retirement obligations at 31 December 2022	162 591
Incurred removal cost	(12 403)
Accretion expenses	5 425
Asset retirement obligations at 30 September 2023	155 613
Non-current portion 31 September 2023	141 837
Current portion 31 September 2023	13 776

The calculations assume an inflation rate of 2.0 per cent and a nominal rate before tax of 5.0 per cent.

\*Addition from the Nova field (10%) through the acquisition and merger of ONE-Dyas Norge AS



### Note 10 Borrowings

### Unsecured bond

(USD'000)	Facility currency	Utilised amount	Interest	Maturity	Carrying amount
At 30 September 2023	USD	75 000	9.75%	June 2026	74 018
At 31 December 2022	USD	75 000	9.75%	June 2026	73 680

The company has accomplished a bond issue of USD 75 million with a tenor of 4 years during second quarter of 2022. The purpose of the new bond issue is refinancing of the NOK 400 million senior unsecured bond as well as general corporate purposes. The bond of NOK 400 million has been redeemed in June 2022.

The financial covenants are as follows:

- Leverage ratio: Net debt to EBITDAX not greater than 3.5x
- Minimum liquidity: Not less than USD 10 million



### Note 10 Borrowings cont.

### **Reserve base lending facility agreement (RBL)**

(USD'000)	Facility currency	Utilised amount	Undrawn facility $^{\star)}$	Interest	Maturity	Carrying amount
At 30 September 2023	USD	91 500	108 500	SOFR + 3.5%	April 2029	89 734
At 31 December 2022	USD	116 500	83 500	SOFR + 3.5%	April 2029	113 643

The RBL facility is at USD 200 million with an additional uncommitted accordion option of USD 200 million. The interest rate is floating 1-6 months SOFR with 3.5% margin. In addition, a commitment fee is paid for unused credits.

The financial covenants are as follows:

- Leverage ratio: Net debt to EBITDAX not greater than 3.5x
- Minimum liquidity: Not less than USD 10 million and
- Liquidity test: 12 months test to demonstrate a 1.1:1 ratio of corporate sources to uses
- Funding test: Up to first oil for any developments to demonstrate a 1:1 ratio of corporate sources
- Exploration spending: After tax cost on a yearly basis, maximum the higher of USD 20 million or 10% of EBITDAX unless the after tax cost is funded by permitted distribution or new equity injections

\*)Calculated out of facility size of USD 200 million. Credit approved borrowing base as of 30 September 2023 is USD 143 million.



### Note 10 Borrowings cont. Non-current liabilities to related parties

By entering into a subscription agreement with Kerogen Investment no.28 Pandion Energy has agreed to pay a commitment fee as listed below:

	Facility currency	Loan amount
Kerogen Investment no. 28 Limited	USD	1 000

Kerogen Investments no.28 Limited's rights and claims for such Commitment Fee is subordinated to the rights and claims of all other existing creditors of Pandion Energy.

### Maturity profile on total borrowings based on contractual undiscounted cash flows

(USD`000)	30.09.2023	31.12.2022
Less than 12 months	-	-
1 to 5 years *)	167 500	192 500
Over 5 years	-	-
Total	167 500	192 500

\*)The RBL facility is classified as a borrowing with maturity 1 to 5 years according to the final maturity date defined as the earliest of 1 April 2029 and the date falling 6 months prior to the maturity date of the current bond debt (5 December 2025) ("Spring maturity clause").



### Note 11 Trade, other payables and provisions

(USD`000)	30.09.2023	31.12.2022
Trade payables	5 712	8 899
Share of payables in licences	34 902	17 357
Other non-trade payables, accrued expenses and provisions	18 344	31 221
Trade, other payables and provisions	58 958	57 477

Other non-trade payables, accrued expenses and provisions include contingent considerations. Part of the contingent considerations is recognised as a long-term provision.



### Note 12 Other commitments and contingencies

The company has secondary obligation for removal cost of offshore installations related to 20% share in the divested Duva field. The obligation is limited to approximately USD 5.5 million.

Pandion Energy is further required to participate in the approved work programmes for the licences. The company's operations involve risk of damages, including pollution. The company has insured its pro rata liability on the Norwegian continental shelf on a par with other oil companies.

In July 2023, Pandion Energy received a request for arbitration regarding some of its contingent considerations. Pandion Energy will respond to the request and defend against the claim. The company has in its interim financial statements made provisions related to contingent considerations based on its best estimate.

### Note 13 Subsequent events

The company has evaluated subsequent events through the filing of the quarterly report. There have been no such events requiring recognition or disclosures in the financial statements.



## Alternative performance measures

Pandion Energy may disclose alternative performance measures as part of its financial reporting as a supplement to the interim financial statements prepared in accordance with simplified IFRS and believes that the alternative performance measures provide useful supplemental information to stakeholders.

**EBITDAX** Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation, impairment and exploration expenses

**Net debt/ EBITDAX** Net debt at the balance sheet date divided by 12 months rolling EBITDAX

Corporate sources Cash balance, revenues, equity and external funding

**Corporate uses** Operating expenditures, capital expenditures, abandonment expenditures, general and administration costs, exploration costs, acquisition costs and financing costs